



**Coal**

# **Anaerobic Digestion Power** **“Garbage to Energy”**

## **Is Dirtier than Coal**

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**AD**

Why desquester carbon to make seriously dirty electricity?

# In a Nutshell

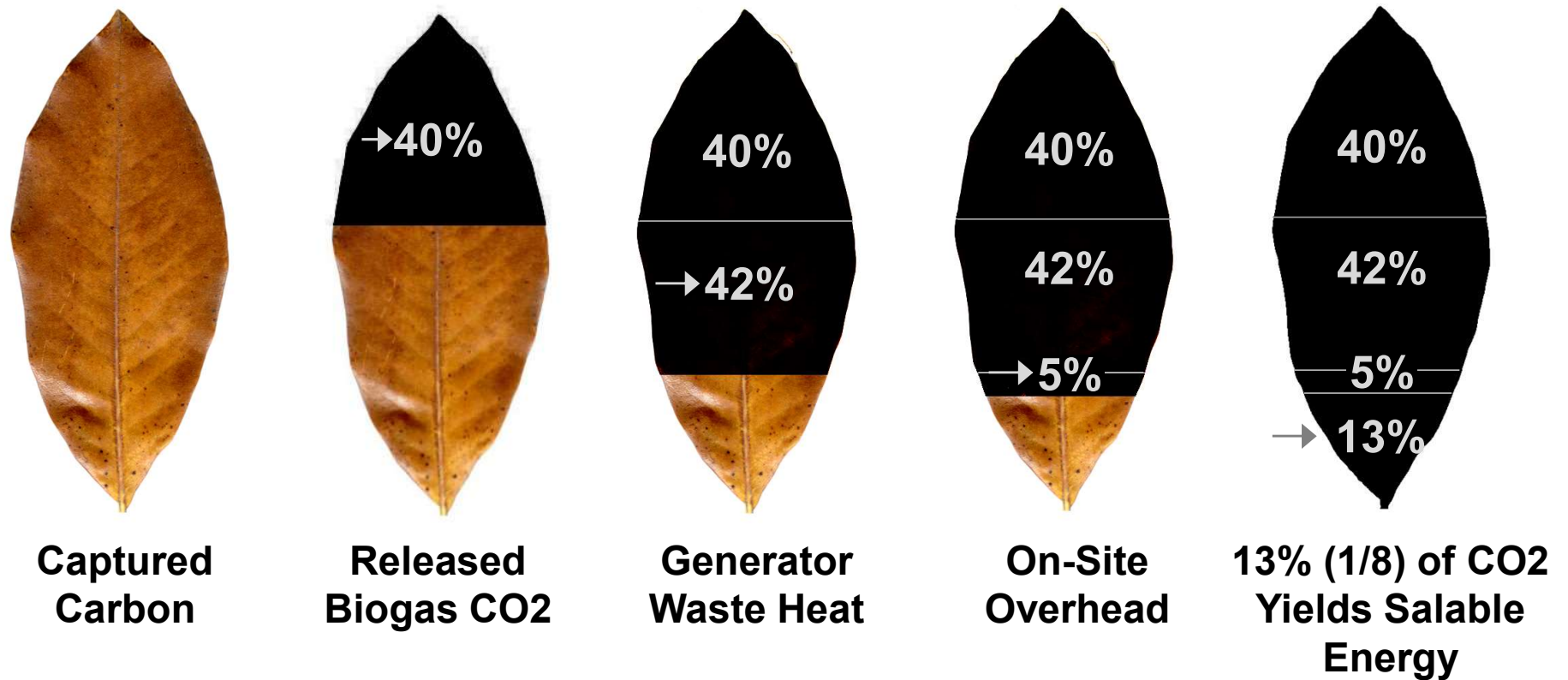
- To counter climate change we need to remove CO<sub>2</sub> from the atmosphere
- Plants remove CO<sub>2</sub> and sequester it in their fruits and detritus
- Anaerobic digestion fueled “Garbage to Energy” operations return much of that CO<sub>2</sub> to the atmosphere to generate electric power
- The net electric energy yield from releasing that carbon is so small that it is cleaner to generate that energy by burning coal
- In fact, the carbon footprint of an AD electric generator is much larger than that of a coal-burning generator, the benchmark of grungy energy
- “Garbage to Energy” is not green energy
- Let’s help our planet heal. Keep sequestered carbon sequestered

Relative  
CO<sub>2</sub>  
per  
MWh



# Captured Carbon to Dirty Energy

## Step by Step



Details on following pages

# 1. Plants Remove CO<sub>2</sub> from the Atmosphere

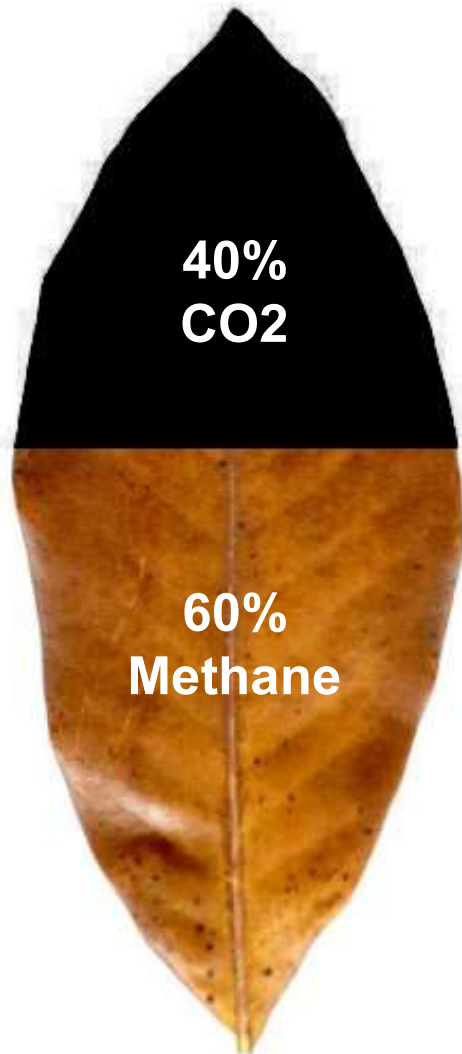


- This magnolia leaf is made of hydrogen, oxygen, and **carbon**
- All of that carbon comes from the CO<sub>2</sub> the leaf sequestered from the atmosphere
- An Anaerobic Digestion fueled “Garbage to Energy” electrical generator returns much of this CO<sub>2</sub> to the atmosphere
  - for a tiny energy return
  - at a major financial cost
  - with a huge carbon footprint
- Follow along and learn why only one-eighth of that released CO<sub>2</sub> is utilized productively

I use a leaf as a visualization aid for aesthetic reasons. The discussion and conclusions apply to any AD feedstock: garden trimmings, sludge, food scraps, ...

## 2. Make Biogas, Release 40% CO<sub>2</sub>

### Typical Biogas Composition



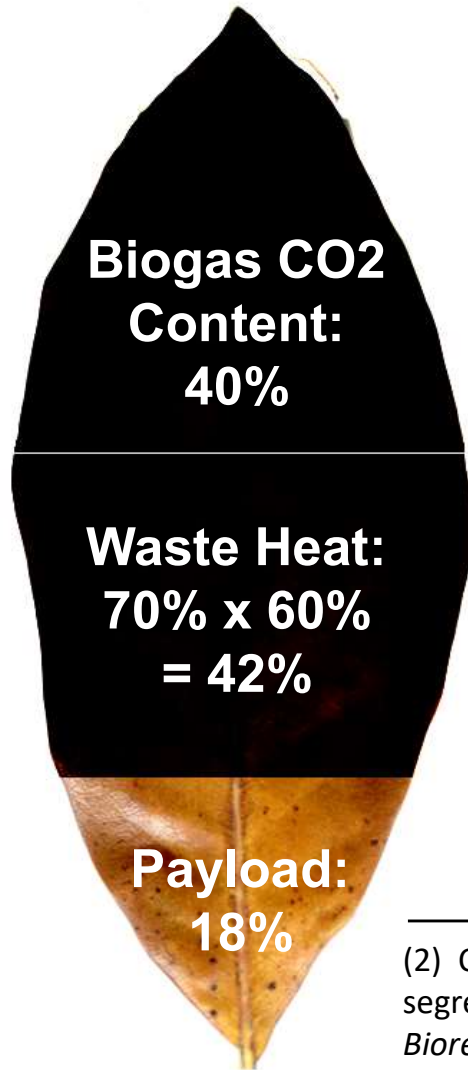
- The anerobic digestion process makes biogas from biological materials
- On average, by volume that biogas consists of <sup>(1)</sup>
  - Methane: 60%
  - Carbon dioxide: 40%
- The carbon dioxide yields zero energy
  - It is released directly to the atmosphere
- Cumulative score:
  - **Biogas carbon fraction returned to the atmosphere as CO<sub>2</sub>: 40%**
  - **Salable energy delivered: Zero**

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(1) <http://www.sgc.se/ckfinder/userfiles/files/BasicDataonBiogas2012.pdf>

# 3. Lose 70% of the Biogas Energy

## Biogas CO2 Disposition



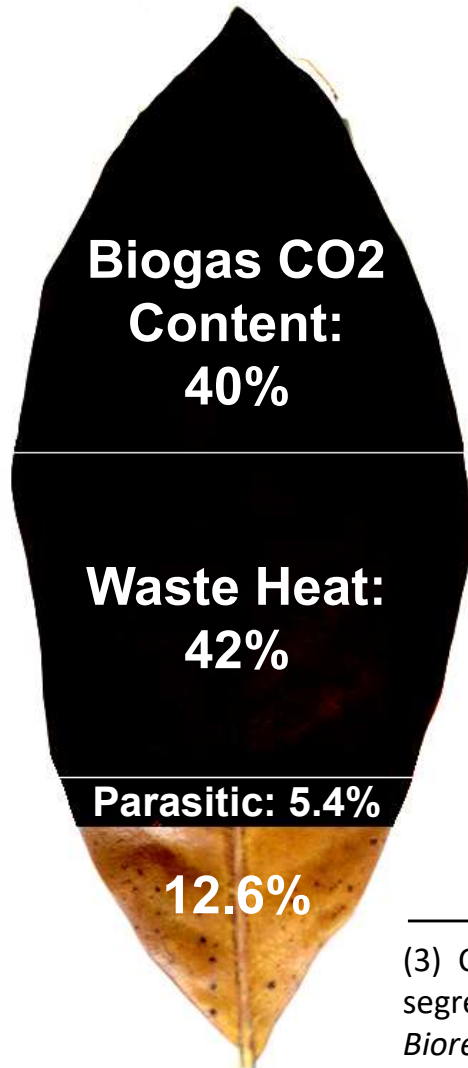
- Burn the biogas methane to H<sub>2</sub>O & CO<sub>2</sub>
- That yields heat energy...
  - which powers a motor...
  - that drives an electric generator
- But, per the laws of thermodynamics, about 70% of that energy is lost as “waste heat” <sup>(2)</sup>
- The unblacked “payload” leaf area shows the remaining 100% - (40% + 42%) = 18% fraction of carbon that actually produces electrical energy
- Cumulative score:
  - **Biogas carbon returned to the atmosphere as CO<sub>2</sub>: 40% + 42% = 82%**
  - **Salable energy delivered: Zero**

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(2) Charles J. Banks, Michael Chesshire, Sonia Heaven, Rebecca Arnold, Anaerobic digestion of source-segregated domestic food waste: Performance assessment by mass and energy balance, Table 4, *Bioresource Technology*, Volume 102, Issue 2, January 2011, Pages 612-620, ISSN 0960-8524, 10.1016/j.biortech.2010.08.005. (<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0960852410013404>)

## 4. Pay 30% Overhead

### Biogas CO2 Disposition



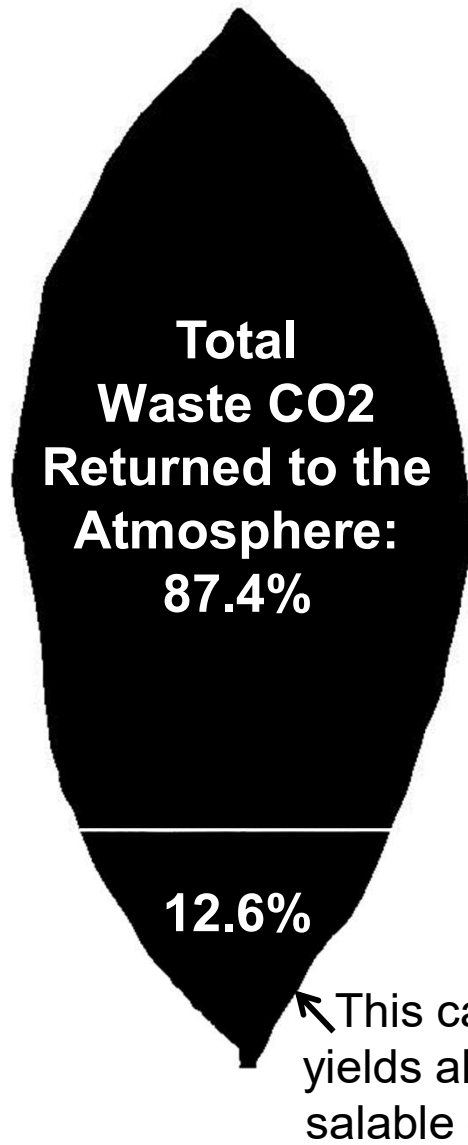
- About 30% of the generated electrical energy is spent onsite to power the “Garbage to Energy” operation <sup>(3)</sup>
  - e.g., grinders, pumps, agitators, compressors
  - Trade term: “Parasitic Load”
- Associated CO2 fraction:  $30\% \times 18\% = 5.4\%$ 
  - (18% = fraction of carbon that generates electricity. See prior slide)
- Cumulative score:
  - **Biogas carbon returned to the atmosphere as CO2 so far:  $40\% + 42\% + 5.4\% = 87.4\%$**
  - **Salable energy delivered: Zero**

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(3) Charles J. Banks, Michael Chesshire, Sonia Heaven, Rebecca Arnold, Anaerobic digestion of source-segregated domestic food waste: Performance assessment by mass and energy balance, Table 5, *Bioresource Technology*, Volume 102, Issue 2, January 2011, Pages 612-620, ISSN 0960-8524, 10.1016/j.biortech.2010.08.005. (<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0960852410013404>)

# 5. Deliver Energy to Users

## Biogas CO2 Disposition



Fraction of biogas carbon that delivers “Garbage to Energy” electricity to users: 12.6% (1/8)

Final score:

- Biogas CO2 returned to the atmosphere: **100%**
- Biogas CO2 spent unproductively: **87.4%**
- CO2 per AD MWh delivered: **1.41 metric tons**
  - As derived on following page
- CO2 per coal-fired MWh delivered: **1.01 metric tons** <sup>(4)</sup>
- AD:coal carbon footprint ratio: **1.41/1.01 = 1.40**

**Bottom Line: The carbon footprint of an AD biogas-fueled generator is 40% greater than the carbon footprint of a coal-fired generator**

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(4) <https://www.eia.gov/tools/faqs/faq.php?id=74&t=11>



# CO<sub>2</sub> per Net Energy: The Numbers

- Burning one cubic meter of common 60/40 biogas yields:
  - **1.964 kg CO<sub>2</sub>** total:
    - **1.179 kg CO<sub>2</sub>** from 60% methane fraction
    - **0.785 kg CO<sub>2</sub>** from 40% CO<sub>2</sub> fraction <sup>(1)</sup>
  - **6.624 kWhT** thermal energy <sup>(5)</sup>
- Generate electricity at 30% thermal efficiency: <sup>(2)</sup>
  - Electrical energy yield: 6.624 kWhT x 0.3 = **1.987 kWh**
- Subtract 30% parasitic load: <sup>(3)</sup>
  - Salable electrical energy yield: 1.987 x (1.0 - 0.3) = **1.391 kWh**
- Ratio of CO<sub>2</sub> to salable energy (the carbon footprint):
  - 1.964 kg CO<sub>2</sub> / 1.391 kWh = **1.412 kg CO<sub>2</sub> / kWh**
  - Which is also **1.412 mT CO<sub>2</sub> / MWh**
- Comparing AD to coal:
  - Coal footprint: **1.01 mT CO<sub>2</sub> / MWh** <sup>(4)</sup>
  - AD/coal ratio: 1.412 / 1.01 = **1.40**

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(4) <https://www.eia.gov/tools/faqs/faq.php?id=74&t=11>

(5) <https://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C74828&Mask=1>

# Takeaways

- To counter climate change we need to remove CO<sub>2</sub> from the atmosphere
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# References

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- (4) <https://www.eia.gov/tools/faqs/faq.php?id=73&t=11>
- (5) <https://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C74828&Mask=1>